

SET - 1

III B. Tech I Semester Regular Examinations, November - 2015 POWER ELECTRONICS

(Electrical and Electronics Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B)

2. Answering the question in **Part-A** is compulsory

3. Answer any **THREE** Questions from **Part-B**

PART -A

1	a)	Define Latching and Holding currents.	[4M]			
	b)	Discuss briefly about advantages of freewheeling diode.	[4M]			
	c)	Discuss about line commutated inverter.	[4M]			
	d)	Draw the variation of output voltage with respect to firing angle of three phase semi converter.	[4M]			
	e)	Explain time ratio control of DC-DC chopper	[3M]			
	f)	What are the applications of Inverters?	[3M]			
PART -B						
2	a)	Explain about snubber circuit and derive the condition for R _s ?	[8M]			
	b)	What is a MOSFET? Explain its V-I characteristics briefly. Also write its advantages over other switches.	[8M]			
3	a) b)	Explain the operation of single phase half wave converter with RL load. Draw the output voltage waveform and derive the expression for average load voltage. A single phase full-wave ac voltage controller feeds a load of R=20 Ω with an input voltage of 230V, 50Hz. Firing angle for both the thyristors is 45 ^o . Calculate (i) rms value of output voltage. (iii) Average and rms current of thyristors.	[8M] [8M]			
4	a)	Derive the expression for output voltage of single-phase full converter by considering source inductance.	[8M]			
	b)	Single phase fully controlled converter is connected to a load comprised of 20hms resistance and 0.3H inductance. The supply voltage is 230V at 50Hz. Estimate the average load voltage, average load current and input power factor for a firing angle of 20° . Assume continuous and ripple free load current.	[8M]			
5		Describe the working of three phase half controlled converter with R load for $\alpha = 30^{\circ}$	[16M]			

with relevant waveforms and derive the expression for average output voltage.

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- 6 a) Discuss the working of a single phase bridge type cycloconverter with RL loads and [8M] for discontinuous waveform operation with neat circuit diagram and output rms voltage and current wave form for $f_0 = (1/3) f_s$.
 - b) Explain the operation of Buck-Boost chopper with relevant waveforms and derive the [8M] expression for average output voltage.
- 7 a) With a neat circuit diagram, explain the principle of operation of a single phase half [6M] bridge inverter.
 - b) A single PWM full bridge inverter feeds an RL load with R = 10 ohms and L = 10 mH. [10M] If the source voltage is 120V, find out the total harmonic distortion in the output voltage and in load current. The width of each pulse is 120^{0} and output frequency is 50Hz.



SET - 2

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Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B)

2. Answering the question in **Part-A** is compulsory

3. Answer any **THREE** Questions from **Part-B**

PART -A

1	a)	Draw and explain the transfer characteristics of MOSFET.	[4M]			
	b)	Define firing angel.	[3M]			
	c)	What is commutation angle or overlap angle?	[3M]			
	d)	Draw the output voltage waveform of three phase full converter with RL load and firing angle 90° .	[4M]			
	e)	What are the applications of Cyclo converters?	[4M]			
	f)	What are the advantages of PWM techniques?	[4M]			
PART -B						
2	a)	Discuss about switching characteristics of an SCR during turn on and off.	[8M]			
	b)	Explain the diode bridge rectifier with R load and capacitive filter with neat circuit diagram and necessary waveforms.	[8M]			
3	a)	Explain RC firing circuit with suitable waveforms.	[8M]			
	b)	A 230V, 50Hz, one-pulse SCR controlled converter is triggered at a firing angle of 40^{0} and the load current extinguishes at an angle of 210^{0} . Find the average output voltage and the average load current for R=5 Ω and L=2mH.	[8M]			
4	a)	Describe the working of single phase half controlled converter for $\alpha = 30^{\circ}$ with relevant waveforms and derive expression for average output voltage.	[8M]			
	b)	A 1- Φ full converter bridge is connected to RLE load. The source voltage is 230V, 50Hz. The average load current of 10A is constant over the working range. For R=0.4 Ω and L=2mH, compute. i) Firing angle delay for E=120V and ii) Firing angle delay for E= -120V. Indicate which source is delivered power to load in above cases.	[8M]			
5	a)	Briefly explain the operation of single-phase dual converter.	[6M]			
	b)	 A 3-Φ fully controlled bridge converter is supplying DC-load of 400V, 60A from a 3-Φ, 50Hz, 660V (line) supply. If the thyristors have a voltage drop of 1.2V when conducting, then neglecting overlap, compute. a) Firing angle of thyristor. b) RMS value of thyristor currents. 	[10 M]			

c) Mean power loss in thyristors .

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- 6 a) Discuss the working of a single phase bridge type cycloconverter with RL loads and [9M] for continuous waveform operation with neat circuit diagram and output rms voltage and current wave form for $f_o = (1/4) f_s$.
 - b) Explain the operation of Boost chopper with relevant waveforms and derive the [7M] expression for average output voltage.
- 7 Explain the operation of three-phase bridge inverter for 180° mode of operation with [16M] aid of relevant phase and line voltage waveforms.





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Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B)
2. Answering the question in Part-A is compulsory
3. Answer any THREE Questions from Part-B

PART -A

1	a)	Draw and explain the output characteristics of IGBT.	[4M]			
	b)	Draw the output voltage waveform of single phase AC voltage controller with RL load.	[4M]			
	c)	Define extinction angle.	[3M]			
	d)	What are the applications of dual converter.	[3M]			
	e)	Explain current limit control of DC-DC chopper.	[4M]			
	f)	Define amplitude modulation index.	[4M]			
PART -B						
2	a)	Explain various turn-on methods of an SCR.	[8M]			
	b)	A thyristor operating from a peak supply voltage of 400V has the following specifications: Repetitive peak current, $I_p = 200A$, $(di/dt)_{max} = 50A/\mu s$, $(dv/dt)_{max} = 200V/\mu s$. Choosing a factor of safety 2 for I_p , $(di/dt)_{max}$ and $(dv/dt)_{max}$, design a suitable snubber circuit. The minimum value of load resistance is 10Ω ?	[8M]			
3	a)	What is UJT firing circuit and explain it with suitable waveforms?	[8M]			
	b)	A single phase half controlled bridge converter is supplied a 230V, 50Hz. Determine the average load voltage for firing angle of 60° . If load current of 30A is continuous and constant, what is the value of load resistance?	[8M]			
4	a)	Describe the working of single-phase fully controlled bridge converter in the Rectifying mode and inversion mode. And derive the expressions for average output voltage and rms output voltage.	[8M]			
	b)	Single phase fully controlled bridge is used for obtaining a regulated converter dc output voltage. The rms value of ac input voltage is 220V and firing angle is maintained at 30 ⁰ , so that the load current is 4A. (a) Calculate the d.c. output voltage and active and reactive power input. (b) Assuming load resistance remains same and if free-wheeling diode is used at the output, calculate dc output voltage. The firing angle is maintained at 30 ⁰ .	[8M]			
5		Explain the operation of three phase fully controlled bridge converter with RL load. Draw the voltage and current waveforms for $\alpha = 45^{\circ}$. List the firing sequence of	[16M]			

SCRs.

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- 6 a) What are cycloconverters? Discuss the working of a single phase bridge type [9M] cycloconverter with R load. Sketch a neat circuit diagram and output rms voltage and current wave form for $f_o = (1/3) f_s$.
 - b) Explain the operation of Buck chopper with relevant waveforms and derive the [7M] expression for average output voltage.
- 7 What are different applications of inverters? Explain the operation of 3ph bridge [16M] inverter for 120° mode of operation with aid of relevant phase and line voltage waveforms.

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SET - 4

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(Electrical and Electronics Engineering) Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 70 Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B) 2. Answering the question in **Part-A** is compulsory 3. Answer any THREE Questions from Part-B ***** PART –A 1 Define turn off time of an SCR. [3M] a) b) Explain the principle of line commutation. [4M] Discuss the significance of source inductance. [4M] c) d) Explain circulating and non-circulating current operation in dual converters. [4M] e) What is a cyclo converter? [3M] f) Explain briefly sine triangular PWM technique. [4M] PART-B 2 Explain the static V-I characteristics of a thyristors and different modes of operation. a) [8M] b) Explain the diode bridge rectifier with R load and the output voltage waveform. [8M] 3 a) Explain the operation of single phase AC voltage controller with R load. Draw the [8M] necessary waveforms. A 230V, 1kW electric heater is fed through a single phase AC voltage controller b) [8M] from 230V, 50Hz Source. Find the load power for a firing angle delay of 70° . Derive the expression used. 4 Derive the expressions for the following performance factors of single-phase fully [8M] a) Controlled bridge converter. (i)Input power factor (ii) Voltage ripple factor (iii) Active power input (iv) Reactive power input The 1- Φ semi converter circuit is connected to a 120V, 60 Hz supply. Determine the b) [8M] harmonic factor, distortion factor and input power factor if delay angle is $\alpha = \pi/2$. 5 Explain the operation of three phase fully controlled bridge converter with RLE load. [16M] Draw the voltage and current waveforms for $\alpha = 60^{\circ}$. List the firing sequence of SCRs. 6 For a single phase bridge type cyclo-converter, explain the operation of the circuit [10M] a) when fed to R-load with the help of neat circuit diagram and relevant output waveforms for $\alpha = 30^{\circ}$ and $\alpha = 120^{\circ}$ for $f_0 = 1/4$ f_s. Discuss the methods of controlling the output voltage of a chopper. b) [6M]





- 7 a) With a neat circuit diagram, explain the principle of operation of a single phase full [6M] bridge inverter.
 - b) A single phase full bridge inverter uses a uniform PWM with two pulses per half [10M] cycle for voltage control. Plot the distortion factor, fundamental component, and lower order harmonics against modulation.
